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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
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| 09/930,105 | 08/15/2001 | Fred S. Lamb | 875.054US1 | 9991 |
| 26191 75 | 590 08/24/2004 | | EXAM | INER |
| FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. 3300 DAIN RAUSCHER PLAZA | | | KIM, JENNIFER M | |
| 60 SOUTH SIXTH STREET MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 1617 | 1/2 |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 08/24/200 | / Y |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | 09/930,105 | LAMB ET AL. | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | Jennifer Kim | 1617 | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the d | correspondence address - | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. (D) (35 U.S.C. § 133). | |
| Status | | | |
| 1) | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | |
| 4) | is/are withdrawn from considerated. | ation. | |
| Application Papers | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the conference of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 1. | epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receive ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | ion No ed in this National Stage | |
| | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other: | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Applicants' arguments with respect to claims 22-24, 27-29, 31-35 and 38-42 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. The restriction between Group VII and VIII has been withdrawn since they have been examined together.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 22-24,27-29, 33-35, 39-43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Delaney et al. (1996) evidenced by Kifor et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,658,936).

Delaney et al. teach that patient treated with tamoxifen significantly enhanced libido and reported that Patient's libido has returned to normal. (under Case Report, second paragraph, under Discussion).

Applicants recitation in claims of mechanism of action to modulate vascular tone and reduces penile sympathetic tone does not represent a patentable limitation by which tamoxifen gives the pharmacological effect does not alter the fact that the

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compound has been previously used to obtain the same pharmacological effects (enhance erection) which would result from the claimed method. The patient, condition to be treated and the effect are the same. An explanation of why that effect occurs does not make novel or even unobvious the treatment of the conditions encompassed by the claims.

Kifor et al. report that an improvement in erectile function is defined as increased libido. (column 6, line 66- column 7, lines 9).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 31, 32 and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Delaney et al. (1996) as applied to claims 22-24,27-29, 33-35, 39-43 above, and further in view of Zhang et al. (U.S.Patent No. 6,266,560 B1) and <u>Drug Facts and Comparisons</u>, 1997.

Delaney et al. as applied as before.

Delaney et al. do not expressly teach route of administration set forth in claims 32 and 38 and further administering the agents set forth in claim 31.

Zhang et al. report that vasodilators is useful for the treatment of erectile dysfunction. (column 2, lines 6-10).

Drug Facts and Comparisons teaches tamoxifen is commercially available orally. (page 3162, bottom table under Nolvadex).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the agents (i.e. vasodilators) with tamoxifen because vasodilators are useful for the treatment of erectile dysfunction as Zhang et al. One would have been motivated to

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combine vasodilators with tamoxifen for the treatment of erectile dysfunction in order to achieve at least an additive effect for the treatment of erectile dysfunction. The motivation for combining the components flows from their individually known common utility (see In re Kerkhoven, 205 USPQ 1069(CCPPA 1980)). Moreover, the route of administration of tamoxifen is obvious since oral formulation of tamoxifen is commercially available as taught by Drug Facts and Comparisons.

For these reasons the claimed subject matter is deemed to fail to patentably distinguish over the state of the art as represented by the cited references. The claims are therefore properly rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103.

None of the claims are allowed.

Applicants' amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jennifer Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-0628.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 6:30 am to 3 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Sreenivasan Padmanabhan can be reached on 571-272-0629. The fax

phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is

703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sreenivasan Padmanabhan Supervisory Examiner

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Jmk

July 26, 2004